1	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA
2	IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF PIMA
3	
4	CTATE OF ADIZONA
5	STATE OF ARIZONA,) NO. CR-2007-3959
6	Plaintiff,
7	vs. APPEAL NO.
8	IGNACIO ESTEBAN RIMER,) 2 CA-CR 2009-0100 HOWARD NED MCMONIGAL, III,)
9	Defendants.
10)
11	DEFORE THE HONORARI E OUG ARAGON
12	BEFORE: THE HONORABLE GUS ARAGON Judge of the Superior Court Division 30
13	Division 30
14	
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16	REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
17	CONTINUED HEARING ON PENDING MATTERS AND MOTIONS
18	
19	November 26, 2008
20	Tucson, Arizona
21	
22	
23	
24	REPORTED BY:
25	Kathryn A. Lorenz, RPR Certified Reporter No. 50738

APPEARANCES:
FOR THE PLAINTIFF:
RICHARD M. WINTORY, ESQ. KELLIE L. JOHNSON, ESQ. PIMA COUNTY ATTORNEY'S OFFICE
TITUTE COUNTY TO THE COUNTY OF
FOR DEFENDANT McMONIGAL:
CORNELIA W. HONCHAR, ESQ.
FOR DEFENDANT RIMER:
JILL E. THORPE, ESQ.
order divinionally documents

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 2008, 1:02 P.M. 1 2 PROCEEDINGS 3 THE COURT: We are back on the record on 4 State versus Howard McMonigal and Ignacio Rimer. Show 5 that Counsel are all present; Defendants are present, 6 7 in custody. Counsel, I wanted to take up one matter that 8 we had discussed yesterday to see if we can nail it 9 down before we move on. On the issue of the testimony 10 of Officer Harn -- or Hearn, H-e-a-r-n, has Defense had 11 12 a chance to interview the officer? MS. THORPE: No, Judge, we haven't since 13 yesterday, obviously. 14 15 THE COURT: All right. 16 MS. THORPF: No. 17 THE COURT: I just didn't remember if you had already interviewed him before yesterday's hearing. 18 MS. THORPE: 19 No. THE COURT: And is he available to interview 20 before trial or early in the trial proceedings? 21 MS. HONCHAR: Your Honor, we were all 22 actually discussing some way to address the interview 23

actually discussing some way to address the interview issues, and I think we have a consensus, if that is convenient to the Court.

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MR. WINTORY: And I drew the short straw.

THE COURT: Say that again, sir.

MR. WINTORY: I drew the short straw.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. WINTORY: Judge, what we'd like to -we've got a number of these interviews. What we'd like
to do is, I think most of us suspect -- the lawyers,
not you, of course -- but that we can get our jury
picked but it's going to take a couple of days, a
Tuesday, Wednesday. What we'd like to do would be to
use Thursday morning for us to knock out these
interviews; come back in and any fussing that we need
to have to resolve that with you, Thursday afternoon.
So do openings on Friday so that everybody knows, as
best we can know at that stage, what's coming in and
what's not coming in, and at least what the ground
rules are for stuff coming in or out. And I'm to stop
because you haven't thrown anything at me yet.

THE COURT: All right. I certainly have no problem with any of that, Counsel. What I'd like to do is make sure that Officer Hearn is one of the people that you have in mind.

MR. WINTORY: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: And if that gets taken care of, I'm going to give defense counsel leave to argue if

there's any prejudice in the delay of the disclosure of 1 2 Officer Hearn, any -- in other words, would there have 3 been any change in trial strategy or trial preparation. And then we'll resolve -- at least with respect to 4 Officer Hearn, I'll try to resolve whether or not he is 5 to be precluded or permitted as a witness. 6 Anything further on Officer Hearn at this 7 time? 8 9 MR. WINTORY: No, Judge. 10 MS. THORPE: No, Judge. MS. HONCHAR: Just that, actually, I join. 11 12 I had initially said that I was -- I had not objected, 13 but Ms. Thorpe raised an objection, and I am, for the record, stating my objection. The Court granted me 14 15 leave to think about this, and so I'm objection -- and I join Ms. Thorpe's objection as to Officer Hearn. 16 THE COURT: All right. Thank you, Counsel. 17 18 So we'll move on from there. Would one of you please remind me what we were going to pick up with 19 when we came back today? 20 MS. HONCHAR: It was my turn in this Wheel 21 of Fortune. 22 MS. THORPE: Judge, before we get started, 23 24 can we have Mr. Rimer --

THE COURT: Oh.

MS. THORPE: -- just one arm?

THE COURT: All right. As to both defendants, it's ordered that they both be allowed to have freedom of movement with respect to their right hands so that they can make notes in assisting counsel in their own defense.

Counsel, you're going to have to bear with me as I plow through the paperwork here. I don't mean that in a disparaging way. It just takes me a minute.

MS. HONCHAR: That's the way we all feel, your Honor.

THE COURT: Where are you, Ms. Honchar?

MS. HONCHAR: I'm on the motion in limine to preclude all hearsay statements and Defendant McMonigal's prior bad acts, to which the State has filed a response.

THE COURT: All right. Well, let me first tell you that, with respect to hearsay statements, I don't know specifically what's going to be offered, and those are generally issues that are taken up ad hoc by the trial judge. But I appreciate that you want to give me a heads-up on things.

As to other bad acts --

MS. HONCHAR: Yes, we have other bad acts.

And --

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THE COURT: Ms. Honchar, were there specific
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    hearsay statements that you think don't --
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              MS. HONCHAR: Well, I think --
              THE COURT: -- fall under the realm of those
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    things that come up during the trial and get ruled
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6
    on --
              MS. HONCHAR: What I'd like to do is --
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              THE WITNESS: -- at the time they come up?
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              MS. HONCHAR: If I can -- excuse me, sir.
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    What I would like to do is go through this in an
    orderly process so that we can all follow along and the
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    Court will have a document in front of it. And I
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13
    request the Court, if it please, to turn to page 2 of
    my motion. It is broken up into various parts: A, B,
14
15
    C, D, E, F, and G.
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              Ms. -- the State has provided a response,
    and as a result of this motion, we have narrowed some
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18
    of the issues because there is agreement. And so my
    thought is, if we follow along with my motion, we will
19
    all have a record and this will facilitate the Court's
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    decision-making during the proceeding.
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              THE COURT: All right. I'm with you now,
22
    Ms. Honchar.
23
24
              MS. HONCHAR:
                            Sure.
              THE COURT: I'm on page of 2 of your motion.
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MS. HONCHAR: Thank you. As — these are — our position is that these, of course — many of these are prior bad acts. They are subject to 404(b). They are required to be established by clear and convincing evidence. And cited in the memorandum is State versus Terrazas for the proposition that the evidence of other acts must be proved by clear and convincing evidence that the prior acts were committed by the defendant and that the acts themselves were committed.

And that's State versus Terrazas, T-e-r-a-z-a-s, for the court reporter.

The first item, that is A, bullet: All testimony or other evidence that Mr. McMonigal made other people disappear.

It's our position that this is a highly inflammatory statement. There is no corroborative proof that Mr. McMonigal made any other person disappear or that he was involved in any murders of — or, you know, extravagant kidnappings of this sort. I think it was perhaps just a typographical error by Ms. Johnson — I'm sorry — by Mr. Wintory — I think he was the author of this — that Mr. McMonigal was charged with conspiracy to commit murder. And as the Court knows, the grand jury never indicted him for that act, and that count as to Mr. McMonigal was

specifically dismissed because there was no evidence.

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Now, to say that Mr. McMonigal makes people disappear and to have that come into the Court and to the jury, what they are going to think is, oh, my gosh, I mean, we've got these kidnappings of these women and then all of a sudden he makes other people disappear. There is no corroborative evidence. Detective Musick never was able to verify or establish any evidence that, one, Mr. McMonigal made someone disappear or even who the person was. There is some vague allusion to some named person named Christina (phonetic), but there is no follow-up. There are only hearsay statements or the statements of these women, principally Ms. Knudsen. And Ms. Knudsen has already recanted her entire story in terms of the kidnapping and rapes, and that is a significant issue. And, therefore, to allow any testimony that Mr. McMonigal makes people disappear is inadmissible as a prior bad act because there is no clear and convincing evidence.

Now, I suspect that it will be Mr. Wintory's argument that this is an enterprise and, as he said yesterday, indicted in this matter other unknown persons. Well, that's not due-process notice. You can't just bring in somebody and say, oh, well, that person was involved in a particular transaction and

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that's the other unknown person. So -- and I think
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    that's part of the thing that they are trying to get at
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    here, and I think it's inflammatory and highly
    prejudicial.
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              Mr. -- the State has agreed -- moving on to
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    "A," second bullet -- all testimony that --
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                  (Cell phone interruption.)
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              MR. WINTORY: I apologize. That's mine.
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              I apologize, Counsel.
              MS. HONCHAR: No, that's okay. Do you want
10
    to take the call?
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              MR. WINTORY: Not at all. No.
12
13
              MS. HONCHAR: Okay.
              -- that some unknown female was given heroin
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15
    and loosened up. The State has already agreed that
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    that statement, or any evidence related to that, would
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    not come in. So that is a good thing and the Court can
    mark that as out.
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              THE COURT: Mr. Wintory, do you agree with
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    that?
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              MR. WINTORY: Judge, is our brief -- do you
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    have a copy of our response, Judge?
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              THE COURT: I do, but I'm not sure that I
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    want to flip back and forth here. If you tell me --
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              MR. WINTORY: You bet. Yeah. We're not --
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we're agreeing on -- Judge, if you've got her pleading,
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    that second bullet, is -- we're not offering that
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    evidence --
              MS. HONCHAR: If I may, sir. What I have
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5
    done --
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              THE COURT: I just wanted to confirm that
7
    with him --
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              MS. HONCHAR: Okay.
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              THE COURT: -- before we move on.
              MS. HONCHAR: I -- I will represent to the
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11
    Court and make this affirmation that if I state that
    the State has said that this is out, I have thoroughly
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13
    checked it against the State's document and -- and that
    I am making a representation to the Court that this is
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15
    an item that -- upon which we have reached an
16
    agreement.
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              THE COURT: All right. I understand that.
              Mr. Wintory, if you find that Ms. Honchar
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    has misunderstood, point that out at the time so that I
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    can make sure that I make good notes.
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              MR. WINTORY: Yes, your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Go ahead, Ms. Honchar.
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              MS. HONCHAR: Certainly. Testimony that
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    Mr. McMonigal was involved in human smuggling.
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              This is, again, an allegation or a
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statement, a series of statements made by two of the women. However, again, it doesn't pass the clear and convincing standard of proof that Mr. McMonigal did it and that this act of human smuggling actually occurred.

There are vague statements made that some of the women would go to Arivaca, to Sasabe, to Cascabel; they would drive, allegedly, stolen cars. This is principally Ms. Hosler who makes these claims sometime in 2004. There is no evidence that — who the persons were, how many they were, where they were dropped off, where they were picked up. There is nothing that backs it up with any information, for example, from border patrol. It is just a statement that I did this on a particular day a couple of years ago, four years ago, and I think it does not have the clear and convincing evidence.

Now, Ms. Hosler is an unindicted co-entrepreneur in this matter, but I believe that that is still insufficient to allow the Court to bring in this particular kind of information without, again, clear and convincing evidence. The mere fact that there is an enterprise alleged here does not grant a license to the State to bring in anything that it wants to. It does not destroy the fundamental principles of 404(b) and the rules of evidence as to prior bad acts

that -- because that's an absurd conclusion.

I know that the Court had thought of -because I have read over some of the prior hearings,
your Honor, and the Court was considering reviewing
Ninth Circuit law. The federal RICO statute is a model
of clarity in comparison to the loosely worded nature
of the Arizona RICO statute. It requires a group of
five, clearly two, predicate acts. It requires a great
many other things. Now, I'm certainly aware of the
fact that in an enterprise case the co-conspirator
statement admission applies, but I still believe and
suggest to the Court that fundamental rules of
admissibility do now outweigh the mere allegation of a
sweeping, vaguely described enterprise.

As to item bullet -- Item A: All testimony that Ms. McMonigal sells girls to the Mexicans.

Again, there is no corroborative evidence of who the Mexicans are, when they ever came to Tucson to be sold. Ms. Knudsen is the person who claims that she was sold to Mexicans on four occasions. In a defense interview freely given, at least to my investigator, all right — and I can say that with absolute assurance — and to Ms. Thorpe's investigator, freely given, with full apprisal of the panoply of constitutional protections, she said that I went on

four dates with Mexicans, with a Mexican, a 17-year-old Mexican national, it was a date, I wasn't sold, I enjoyed part of it, some it I didn't. This Mexican national wanted to actually -- you know, she thought that he liked her and there would be a relationship.

There are other vague allegations of -Ms. Foley makes strange allegations of selling girls to
the Mexicans. So does Ms. Kopp. This is rumor,
innuendo. Again, where is the clear and convincing
evidence with which we have been supplied in order
to -- for this Court to make the -- to make -- in order
to make the Court be able to make the threshold finding
that the Defendant -- one, that the Defendant committed
the act and, two, that an act was actually committed?
And that is the problem with selling the girls to the
Mexicans.

Testimony -- we're going, moving on to the next bullet, sir, under "A," evidence that Mr. McMonigal steals or sells stolen cars.

Again, as to whether Mr. McMonigal actually steals a car, I mean, there is a legal theory of theft, but the question, the statement is does he steal a car. There is no clear and convincing evidence that Mr. McMonigal actually went out and actually stole a car.

THE COURT: Ms. Honchar, you know that you 1 2 can have liability-by-accomplice theory, so why don't 3 you make a little bit broader argument. If you think 4 there is no accomplice liability here, then tell me 5 that. But --MS. HONCHAR: All right. 6 THE COURT: -- if all you're going to say is 7 they can't prove he went out and took the car, that 8 doesn't exclude stealing a car --9 MS. HONCHAR: All right. Well, there's 10 11 no --THE COURT: -- as an accomplice. 12 MS. HONCHAR: And I understand that. Ms. --13 I'm sorry if I interrupted the Court. 14 THE COURT: No. No. I'm just -- I know 15 that we've got a lot of ground to --16 17 MS. HONCHAR: Right. THE COURT: -- cover here and you've got, 18 what, maybe a hundred bullet points here. 19 MS. HONCHAR: Well, actually, I don't. You 20 will see, your Honor, that we agree to practically all 21 page 3. So these are --22 THE COURT: So tell me why your client is 23 not arguably liable under an accomplice theory of car 24 25 theft.

MS. HONCHAR: Because there is no clear and 1 2 convincing evidence that --3 THE COURT: Well, how do I know that? I haven't heard any evidence at all. I mean, how can I 4 make rulings on these issues that I don't -- that I 5 haven't heard the testimony on? 6 MS. HONCHAR: Your Honor, uh... 7 THE COURT: Are you asking for a clear and 8 convincing evidentiary hearing? Is that what you want? 9 MS. HONCHAR: Well, this is essentially what 10 we are doing here. I'm not --11 THE COURT: Well, no, not really, because I 12 haven't heard any evidence. I've heard a lot of 13 14 argument. 15 MS. HONCHAR: All right. THE COURT: Until I hear evidence -- if you 16 17 think that there needs to be a finding of clear and 18 convincing evidence, then I need to hear some evidence and find out --19 MS. HONCHAR: All right. 20 THE COURT: -- whether it's clear and 21 convincing. 22 MS. HONCHAR: In order to facilitate this 23 24 and I wish to accommodate the Court as well as I

possibly may. All right? So would the Court wish to

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take up these disputed items, then, before the --
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    before the admission of the evidence and reserve and
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    instruct us all not to make various statements at
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    opening --
              THE COURT: Well, no, I'm not going to do
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    that.
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              MS. HONCHAR: Okay. It's about -- this
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    is --
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              THE COURT: What I -- what I want to do is
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    ask you if you have any case law that supports the
    theory that if you have a criminal enterprise, that
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    everything that is arguably encompassed in the criminal
12
    enterprise requires a 404(b) showing by clear and
13
    convincing evidence.
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              MS. HONCHAR: That is exactly my position,
    your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Do you have --
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              MS. HONCHAR: I believe --
              THE COURT: -- any case law that supports
19
    that?
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              MS. HONCHAR: I believe this is not -- this
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22
    is not an issue that has been tested --
23
              THE COURT:
                          Okay.
24
              MS. HONCHAR: -- in terms of --
              THE COURT: Well, let me tell you that --
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MS. HONCHAR: -- the enterprise. 1 2 THE COURT: -- my ruling will be, unless you 3 demonstrate case law to the contrary, is that if there is a criminal enterprise that arguably encompasses 4 these acts, then these acts are admissible under the 5 State's theory of criminal enterprise without a 404(b) 6 7 clear and convincing showing. MS. HONCHAR: And I -- I respectfully, 8 sir -- thank you very much for your ruling. I 9 10 respectfully disagree. THE COURT: I understand. 11 MS. HONCHAR: I think --12 THE COURT: If you didn't disagree, we 13 wouldn't be standing here talking about it, so you 14 didn't even have to say that. 15 MS. HONCHAR: Right. Well, I'm just saying 16 17 I -- I -- but I do so with utmost respect, sir. That's --18 THE COURT: I understand that, too. 19 MS. HONCHAR: -- what I wanted to make 20 clear, that I -- I take the ruling with the grace with 21 22 which it was handed to me. 23 Now --24 THE COURT: Let me just ask the prosecution. 25 Is it the State's theory that these alleged acts of

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human smuggling, selling girls to Mexicans, stealing,
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    and selling stolen cars are part of the
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    criminal-enterprise theory?
              MR. WINTORY: Yes, your Honor.
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              THE COURT: All right. Then I think the
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    ruling that I made follows that theory, at least
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7
    encompasses it.
              So, Ms. Honchar, go ahead.
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              MS. HONCHAR: All right. There -- let's go
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    to -- well, I -- I mean, I -- we have Item B, testimony
    that Mr. McMonigal possessed --
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              THE COURT: Did you need to skip the -- or
    want to skip the last two bullets on Item A?
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              MS. HONCHAR: Well, all of the evidence that
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    other women named in the indictment, there were other
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    women other than those named in the indictment were
    victimized by Mr. McMonigal. I mean, this, I think, is
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18
    an extraordinary expansion. We have no notice.
              THE COURT: I'm trying -- I'm trying to
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    follow you here. Are you at the bullet right before
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    "steals and sells stolen car"?
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              MS. HONCHAR: No, sir.
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              THE COURT: Okay. Have you skipped over
23
24
    that one?
              MS. HONCHAR: Right, because as to all
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testimony that Mr. McMonigal has people and family that 1 2 followed the alleged victims when they aren't with 3 Mr. McMonigal, the State has already agreed that that would be precluded. 4 THE COURT: All right. Then --5 MS. HONCHAR: All right? 6 THE COURT: Then you need to let me know 7 when you guys have agreed to something. 8 9 MS. HONCHAR: I'm sorry, sir. My error. THE COURT: How about the bullet following 10 that, the last bullet in paragraph A? 11 MS. HONCHAR: All right. That women, other 12 13 women than those named in the indictment were victimized by Mr. McMonigal. 14 Again, this, I think, is a very serious --15 this would inflame the jury. I want --16 17 THE COURT: Counsel, I have to agree with you on this one, that this looks like a 404(b) item. 18 Does the State disagree with that? 19 MR. WINTORY: We do, Judge. And it might be 20 very -- I think it becomes very clear. If Ms. Honchar 21 would just identify for the court exactly what is the 22 testimony that she's referring to, what's the 23

information, what's the event, and I think that will

answer the Court's question, the concern.

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THE COURT: All right. Go ahead,
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    Ms. Honchar. Can you specify that?
              MS. HONCHAR: Certainly. Anything relating
3
    to Sonya Beiswenger, B-e-i-s-w-e-n-q-e-r; Glorya Edith
4
    Smith, Katie Fought; Teresa --
5
              THE COURT: Katie what?
6
              MS. HONCHAR: Fought, F-o-u-q-h-t.
7
              -- Teresa Myatt; Carla Welch. But, of
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    course, that's an issue which we are going to -- the
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    Court has reserved all of its rulings, so that is
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    a moot -- not a moot but certainly a deferred issue.
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              There are other -- there's a woman named
12
    Christina who is mentioned. There are other women who
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    are --
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              THE COURT: Does Christina have a last name?
              MS. HONCHAR: No. I mean, not that I know
16
17
    of.
              THE COURT: Is the State contending that
18
    they are going to offer evidence about Christina with
19
    no last name?
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              MR. WINTORY: You bet, Judge. And if --
21
              THE COURT: Tell me -- tell me who that is.
22
    Who is Christina?
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              MR. WINTORY: Okay. Well, that's -- that's
    the point. But when -- we don't know -- Christina is
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not identified by the witnesses who witnessed the events involving Christina. And if Ms. Honchar will just describe for the Court what's the testimony, not just the name, the testimony of the event.

And I can help you. The Sonya, Glorya, we're not offering. Katie Fought, we would offer, except Katie Fought is a fugitive right now and we don't expect to have her at trial.

THE COURT: What was Sonya's last name?

MS. HONCHAR: B-e-i-s-w-e-n-q-e-r.

THE COURT: You're not offering testimony about Ms. Beiswenger?

MR. WINTORY: That's correct. And Glorya --

THE COURT: What's Glorya's last name?

MS. HONCHAR: Smith. It's Glorya,

G-l-o-r-y-a, Edith Smith. It's -- these names, your Honor, appear at page 4 of my memorandum.

THE COURT: Thank you.

Go ahead, Mr. Wintory. Tell us who else we can rule out here.

MR. WINTORY: Katie Fought. We're not, to my mind, saying we're not offering it. If Katie Fought gets arrested and is available, we believe it would satisfy the Court's criteria. But there's no point in fussing about it because right now she's a fugitive; we

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don't expect to have her.
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              THE COURT: All right. So until further
3
    notice, we can rule out Katie --
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              MR. WINTORY: You bet.
              THE COURT: -- Katie Fought.
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              MR. WINTORY: You bet. If we get her into
6
    custody, we'll advise you and have the Court make your
7
    ruling.
8
              So the one that relates so far we're talking
9
    about is Christina, whose last name is not known to the
10
    witness. And, again, if we could just -- if
11
12
    Ms. Honchar could just describe for the Court what's
    the testimony that she's objecting to, I think it
13
    will -- it will sharpen the issue up.
14
15
              THE COURT: All right. So we have
    Christina, we have Welch, we have Myatt. And I right
16
17
    so far?
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              MS. HONCHAR: Yes, we do.
              THE COURT: Any other names we need to add,
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20
    Ms. --
              MS. HONCHAR: Yes.
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22
              MS. THORPE: Yes.
              MS. HONCHAR: Excuse me. Go ahead,
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24
    Ms. Thorpe.
              MS. THORPE: I do want to add Cara Ingram
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also.
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              THE COURT: Ingram?
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              MS. HONCHAR: That's where I was just going
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    to next.
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              THE COURT: Who else?
              MS. HONCHAR: There's a guy named
6
    Ralph Jessup.
7
              MR. WINTORY: We don't know who that is.
8
              MS. THORPE: Yeah, you do. He's on --
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              MS. HONCHAR: Yeah, you do.
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11
              MS. THORPE: He's on warrant status with
    Katie Fought.
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13
              THE COURT: Are you offering anything with
    respect to Mr. Jessup?
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15
              MR. WINTORY: We've not listed him as a
16
    witness. We have --
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              THE COURT: So until further notice, there
    will be no Mr. Jessup in the case.
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              MS. HONCHAR: We would also ask -- turning
19
    to page 4 of the 13 bullets that are there, sir -- any
20
    mention of Trevor Marquez, including statements that he
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    was aware of any activity concerning the tor -- rape
22
    and torture. Apparently, I think the State at one
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    point had thought of having Mr. Marguez come in and --
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              THE COURT: Are you offering anything on
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Mr. Marquez? 1 2 MR. WINTORY: Well, there are two parts to 3 what she's saying, Judge: Any mention of, and then statements that are clearly hearsay. 4 THE COURT: All right. Well, I don't know 5 about mention of names. Names may come up. I'm not 6 7 going to rule that anyone cannot mention a name. It depends on the context that the name is being mentioned 8 9 in. 10 MS. HONCHAR: All right. THE COURT: So if you are going to mention 11 Mr. Marquez's name, how are you going to mention it? 12 13 MR. WINTORY: Mr... THE COURT: She says "Marquez" --14 15 MR. WINTORY: Oh, Marquez. THE COURT: -- I'm saying "Marquez." 16 17 MR. WINTORY: Your Honor, I'm sorry. We don't -- I mean, she -- he is -- Trevor Marquez is 18 Maggie Kopp, one of our -- one of our witnesses's 19 20 boyfriends. He has some statements that would be rank hearsay, couldn't offer them, but, I mean, his name 21 would come up --22 THE COURT: As the boyfriend? 23 24 MR. WINTORY: -- as the boyfriend of

Maggie Kopp. Judge, I mean, I understand the hearsay

rules and --1 THE COURT: All right. Well --2 MR. WINTORY: -- that's trial stuff. 3 THE COURT: Then as to Mr. Marquez, if his 4 name comes up as a boyfriend or an ex-boyfriend, I'm 5 not going to rule that out, Counsel. 6 MS. HONCHAR: And I have no -- I have no 7 problem with that, sir. I think --8 THE COURT: Okay. 9 10 MS. HONCHAR: -- that that's a correct 11 ruling. THE COURT: Well, then other stuff about 12 Mr. Marquez, what he says, what he didn't say, whether 13 it's hearsay, whether it's a 404(b) act, I'm not going 14 15 to rule on those things today. MS. HONCHAR: And that's fine, sir. 16 17 I'm trying -- the motion was styled not to force the 18 Court to make preemptive decisions but to, one, see if we could find a common meeting ground with the State, 19 and, two, to establish a checklist for the Court so 20 that it could more orderly handle these matters instead 21 of the, you know, shotgun, somebody comes up --22 THE COURT: All right. I appreciate that. 23 24 What is the --MS. HONCHAR: And I know the Court likes to 25

```
be prepared for --
1
2
              THE COURT: What is the story on Christina
3
    that you object to?
4
              MS. HONCHAR: Everything. I mean, of
5
    course --
              THE COURT: Okay. So now you heard it,
6
    Mr. Wintory. She said "everything."
7
              MS. HONCHAR: Right.
8
              THE COURT: So tell me what you are going to
9
    proffer about Christina so that we can get things on
10
    the table here.
11
              MS. HONCHAR: I think -- and I think
12
13
    Ms. Thorpe has something that might elucidate my
    position more clearly --
14
15
              THE COURT: All right. Well, you said
    "everything." I'm going to let Ms. Thorpe say
16
17
    something about that.
              MS. THORPE: Judge, one of the police
18
    reports that we received was that there was a Christina
19
    that was being held captive at Mr. McMonigal's house.
20
    And there was actually a police report generated about
21
    that. And so that's really the primary concern that we
22
    have, is that there was that police report. Police
23
24
    officers went out, they tried to investigate it,
    nothing came of it. After Mr. McMonigal and Mr. Rimer
25
```

were arrested in this case, Detective Musick, who is the lead detective in the case, tried to follow it up further. There was a lady whose name -- last name, frankly, escapes me. But they had a last name for Christina. He went and he talked to her. She could not -- and she was an associate of Mr. McMonigal's, the one that went to his trailer, and she denied being the Christine that had been kidnapped.

THE COURT: So are we saying "Christine" or "Christina"?

MS. THORPE: It -- it gets variously reported as --

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. THORPE: -- as either "Christine" or "Christina."

THE COURT: Well, let me just say that if what we have is a police report that says that Christina was held captive at Mr. McMonigal's or anyone's residence, if all there is, then that's not enough.

MR. WINTORY: And, Judge, I wouldn't -- we wouldn't offer that. That's why we're trying to find out what are the incidents that they are referring to. So for what Ms. Thorpe said, we have no intention of offering evidence relating to the incident she just

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described. But these blanket rulings that are being
1
2
    sought, I -- we -- I can't agree with. But as to -- we
3
    have no intention of offering the specific events that
4
    Ms. Thorpe has referred to.
              THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
5
              MS. HONCHAR: And I will also point out,
6
    sir, that part of this motion is to elicit what the
7
    State's position might be for any of these issues
8
    raised and any of these names that came out.
9
10
              Now, we also have Teresa Denise Myatt,
    turning to page 4, sir.
11
              THE COURT: I have Myatt and Welch and
12
13
    Ingram.
              MS. HONCHAR: Right. I mean, obviously,
14
15
    Welch is -- we're going -- the Court is going to defer,
    as it properly ruled yesterday. And we have
16
    Cara Ingram out already.
17
              THE COURT: What do you mean, "we have
18
    Cara Ingram out"?
19
              MS. HONCHAR: There was already an
20
    agreement. I just --
21
              THE COURT: That's already agreed to?
22
                            Right.
23
              MS. HONCHAR:
              MR. WINTORY: Inq...
24
              MS. HONCHAR: Cara Ingram and Ralph Jessup.
25
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THE COURT: All right. I hadn't scratched
1
    Ms. Ingram's name out. What have you agreed to with
2
3
    regard to her?
              MS. HONCHAR: That there would be no mention
4
5
    of either her or --
              MR. WINTORY: Judge, I am -- I just --
6
              THE COURT: I didn't --
7
              MR. WINTORY: -- I don't want --
8
              THE COURT: I didn't hear that, Ms. Honchar.
9
              MR. WINTORY: Every time, this motion, where
10
    they say -- where Ms. Honchar is acting -- asking the
11
    Court to order us to prohibit any mention of, we don't
12
13
    agree to that. Names are going to come up.
14
              THE COURT: All right.
15
              MR. WINTORY: We agree also that there is
    this -- there is a hearsay rule and other limitations.
16
17
              THE COURT: All right. Ms. Honchar --
              MS. HONCHAR: Well, specifically --
18
              THE COURT: -- I'm not going to preclude
19
    mention of names just in and of themselves. But what
20
    is it about Ms. Ingram --
21
              MS. HONCHAR: Well, that she was victimized
22
    by Mr. McMonigal. That is the second portion, sir.
23
24
              THE COURT: And when did that -- when did
    that allegedly take place?
25
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MR. WINTORY: Can I save time?

THE COURT: Sure.

MR. WINTORY: She's not a witness, so we're not again -- she's not going to be testifying about these events.

THE COURT: Is anyone going to testify that they saw anything happen to her?

MR. WINTORY: Well, that's what I -- if -- that's what I'd to ask Ms. Honchar to try to identify. But we're not going to offer hearsay statements. We don't want to be precluded from her name coming up.

THE COURT: Well, her name may come up. But when you -- if you bring somebody in that says they saw this and that and the other happen to Ms. Ingram, and it's a potential 404(b) act, then I need to know about that --

MR. WINTORY: Sure.

THE COURT: -- in advance.

MR. WINTORY: And we don't -- we don't intend to offer anything like that. The difficulty we have is that there are some victims, some events that are described where the witnesses do not know the name of the person involved. Ms. Honchar has access to an important source of evidence. We don't. And so that's why it's normally incumbent on the party moving to

preclude evidence to at least identify what it is they are attempting to preclude without this everything, all of, any mention of.

THE COURT: Well, what I'm hearing so far about Ms. Ingram is that Ms. Honchar, and maybe Ms. Thorpe, too, are concerned that somebody is going to come in and testify that she was victimized by Mr. McMonigal and that it's going to spring up on them during the trial.

I'm going to make a ruling that that's not going to happen, that cannot happen. It's a potential other bad act that needs to be addressed outside the presence of the jury before the jury hears anything about it, whether it's in opening statement or in evidence.

MS. HONCHAR: Thank you, sir.

THE COURT: Anything further on Ms. Ingram or Ms. Myatt or Ms. Welch?

MS. HONCHAR: No, sir. Thank you very much.

THE COURT: All right. With respect to any individuals that were allegedly sexually or otherwise victimized by either of the two defendants, if they are not named in the indictment as victims, then the State is required to bring those incidents to the Court's attention so that the Court can make appropriate

rulings on what should come in and what should not. 1 2 MR. WINTORY: Yes, your Honor. 3 THE COURT: Any question about that? MR. WINTORY: No. No. 4 THE COURT: All right. Thank you. 5 MS. HONCHAR: Thank you, sir. 6 Let me go back and turn the Court's 7 attention to Items B. I believe the State has agreed 8 9 as to the -- that McMonigal possessed grenades and military-issue weapons. I believe the State has said 10 11 it doesn't intend to offer any evidence. Am I correct on that, Mr. -- yes, is that 12 13 the State does not intend to offer the evidence. That's found on page 4 of the State's response. 14 15 THE COURT: Thank you, Ms. Honchar. MS. HONCHAR: The next bullet is testimony 16 17 that Mr. McMonigal stole jewelry and other prop -- and other property to -- or from Jessica Foley's mother. 18 At this point, in order to expedite, sir, 19 maybe if the witness wants to testify that items of 20 jewelry were stolen from her, that's fine, but not to 21 22 mention her mother. Because if Ms. Foley was in possession of the items, her mother's --23 THE COURT: Well, I'm not going to rule that 24 25 way, Counsel. If this is part of the State's

criminal-enterprise theory and they can prove it or offer valid evidence of it, whether if it's just -- whether it's Jessica Foley's, her mother's, her grandmother's, her sister-in-law's, that's going to be fleshed out in the testimony. And I'm not going to tell any of the parties that they can't identify the owner of the property.

MS. HONCHAR: Thank you very much for your ruling, sir. I appreciate it. It clarifies my thinking.

Item C, sir, at the bottom of page 2: A shooting occurred at Cottonwood Lane on January 27, 2007.

Again, my suggestion here -- first of all, I think there -- while there may have been a shooting, nobody knows why he was shot, what were the circumstances, whether anybody was ever charged, and I think that referring to this specific shooting event would just inflame the passions and prejudice the jury against Mr. McMonigal because -- and nobody has been charged with it.

Any number of things could have happened.

And I suggest, and the State had offered, and as a rationale for including the shooting, that some of the witnesses needed a date by which to fix their

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recollection of other events that occurred. So it's
1
2
    the date that is significant. And I suggest that we
3
    sanitize this. This is a common practice when things
    that are irrelevant to -- whether or not -- relevant to
4
    the principal issues here, and that the State be
5
    granted one opportunity to lead and to say turning your
6
    attention to January 27th, 2007, it's a fixed date, do
7
    you -- is there -- do you remember that date? Yes.
8
9
              THE COURT: Where -- where -- where was the
    qunshot wound? What part of the body was it to?
10
              MS. HONCHAR: His leq.
11
              THE COURT: Right leg or left leg?
12
              MS. HONCHAR: It was a through-and-through.
13
    Both legs.
14
15
              THE COURT: Both legs?
              MS. HONCHAR:
16
                            Right.
17
              THE COURT: Okay.
              MS. HONCHAR: As I say, a
18
    through-and-through.
19
              THE COURT: Legs. Okay. All right.
20
                                                    Well,
    how about this? How about --
21
              MR. WINTORY: Judge...
22
              THE COURT: Go ahead, Mr. Wintory.
23
24
              MR. WINTORY: Before we start redacting, we
25
    learned a lot more about this case after the Defendant
```

made available to us their witness Valorie Frasier 1 2 (phonetic), and that really cleared this up. 3 THE COURT: Was she an eyewitness to any of this? 4 MR. WINTORY: She actually got the 5 statements from the Defendant himself, Mr. McMonigal. 6 THE COURT: So she's going to say that 7 Mr. McMonigal said X, Y, or Z --8 MR. WINTORY: Right. 9 10 THE COURT: -- about the shooting? MR. WINTORY: And what she's going to 11 tell -- what she told us during an interview is that --12 13 THE COURT: And that's Valorie Frasier? MR. WINTORY: That's right, Judge. 14 And what Ms. Frasier told us in the 15 16 interview that the defense -- when the defense made her 17 available, is that Mr. McMonigal indicated he'd been 18 shot by one of the -- of a group that Mr. McMonigal referred to as the barrio boys -- forgive my 19 pronunciation -- that it was part of an ongoing dispute 20 between Mr. McMonigal and the barrio boys, and that 21 22 there were things that were going to have to be done about it. 23 24 Ms. Frasier went on to relate that when she 25 was describing events as to when they occurred, that

this -- the before and after the shooting were points that she made reference to his having been shot as a point of reference. But it appears that the shooting was not a random part but, rather, it was part of the criminal activity and the interaction of Mr. McMonigal's criminal enterprise --

THE COURT: Well, how do you know that?

MR. WINTORY: What Ms. Frasier described in the defense interview is that the barrio boys were competitors in criminal activity. And I'm -- I'm -- of course these aren't the words --

THE COURT: All right. Well, let me just say this. This is a potentially very prejudicial event, and before I will allow anyone to talk about Mr. McMonigal being shot in the legs on January 27, 2007, I'll need to have testimony from Ms. Frasier setting forth what it is he said, what she knows, how she knows it, and all of those particulars so that I can make an appropriate ruling as to whether or not the prejudicial effect of this shooting incident outweighs its probative value.

Because there are plenty of ways to sanitize this. For example, just asking the witness was this before or after Mr. McMonigal suffered an injury to his legs on January 27, 2007. And that's a pretty

prominent event, and you can -- you can alert your witnesses that when you ask them about that, then that's what you are talking about.

MR. WINTORY: Okay.

THE COURT: So if you bring in Ms. Frasier and you have her testify outside the presence of the jury that she knows enough about this event to make it significantly concrete so that it should be admissible, in spite of its potential prejudicial value, then I'll consider the State's position on that. But I will require her testimony outside the presence of the jury first.

MR. WINTORY: Judge, for time saving, would the transcript of the defense interview -- and I don't know if that will answer all the particulars you have.

THE COURT: No. No, it won't be enough.

MR. WINTORY: Okay.

THE COURT: I want to see her and I want to size her up. I want to know whether it looks like she is credible.

MR. WINTORY: Of course, our concern at this point is, now that she realizes the incriminating nature of the statements that she made in the interview, that we're not going to see the same person at trial that we did in the interview.

THE COURT: Yeah, I understand that concern. 1 2 But I hope you understand my concern, and that's to 3 provide a full and fair hearing to all of the parties as best I can. 4 MR. WINTORY: Okay, Judge. 5 THE COURT: And I can't do that without 6 seeing Ms. Frasier and seeing what she has to say about 7 it under oath. 8 MR. WINTORY: I understand the Court's 9 10 ruling. MS. HONCHAR: And I -- and I -- I will tell 11 the Court that I have not given Ms. Frasier her 12 13 statement, so --THE COURT: Ms. McMonigal -- I'm sorry. 14 Ms. Honchar, we don't need -- nobody is accusing you of 15 16 anything. 17 MS. HONCHAR: Okay. 18 THE COURT: We just need to get moving on these. 19 MS. HONCHAR: Okay. I just wanted to give 20 the Court that assurance, that I'm very mindful. 21 THE COURT: Well, you can give a witness 22 their own statement. There's no problem with that. 23 MS. HONCHAR: Well, I haven't done it yet. 24 THE COURT: Well, you can. 25

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MS. HONCHAR: Thank you, sir.
1
2
              Let's turn to page 3. All of "D," all the
    bullets in "D," are out.
3
4
              THE COURT: Are out?
5
              MS. HONCHAR: Yes.
6
              THE COURT: Thank you.
              MS. HONCHAR: All of the bullet under "E" is
7
    out. "F" is out.
8
              THE COURT: All of "F"?
9
10
              MR. WINTORY:
                            No.
11
              MS. HONCHAR: Yes.
              MR. WINTORY: No.
12
              MS. HONCHAR: Oh. No. And I was just
13
    coming to that point. Thank you for correcting me. I
14
15
    appreciate it.
              And "F" is the last bullet just above "G,"
16
17
    your Honor, on that page.
18
              THE COURT: I see it.
              MS. HONCHAR: Okay.
19
              THE COURT: All of "F" except for the last
20
    bullet --
21
              MS. HONCHAR: Right --
22
              THE COURT: -- is out?
23
24
              MS. HONCHAR: -- which is the fact that
25
    stolen guns were recovered from 2640 South Cottonwood
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on August the 9th. The only thing I would ask for here
1
2
    is the gun that is actually tied to Mr. McMonigal that
3
    was stolen. And there are a plethora of weapons
    recovered. So if the -- I want to say that there are
4
    stolen guns, how does it relate to Mr. McMonigal or
5
    perhaps --
6
7
              THE COURT: Is that his house?
              MS. HONCHAR: It is.
8
9
              THE COURT: All right. Well --
              MS. HONCHAR: But the issue is "stolen."
10
11
              THE COURT: All right. Well, I thought your
    request presumes that the gun was stolen.
12
13
              MS. HONCHAR: No. I mean -- I mean -- I
    don't --
14
15
              THE COURT: Well, you said with the fact the
    stolen guns were -- so, I mean, obviously --
16
17
              MS. HONCHAR: You know, it's poorly worded.
18
              THE COURT: Okay.
              MS. HONCHAR: It's my fault.
19
              THE COURT: Well, if there's a stolen gun
20
    and it's shown to be stolen and it's present at
21
    Mr. McMonigal's home on that day or any other day, I
22
    don't know why the State should not be permitted to --
23
24
              MS. HONCHAR: I'm not --
25
              THE COURT: -- present that.
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MS. HONCHAR: And I -- I think that's
1
2
    absolutely true. It's just there's some guns that
3
    aren't stolen. So if they want to say --
              THE COURT: All right. Well --
4
              MS. HONCHAR: -- the stolen gun --
5
              THE COURT: -- you didn't say -- you didn't
6
    say that in here. Are there non-stolen guns that we
7
    need to talk about?
8
              MS. HONCHAR: In my estimation, there are,
9
10
    sir.
          And --
              THE COURT: Which are they?
11
              MS. HONCHAR: I don't know which ones they
12
13
    are.
              THE COURT: All right. Well, if you don't
14
15
    know --
16
              MS. HONCHAR: What --
17
              THE COURT: -- then you need to figure that
18
    out and then we'll talk about it.
              MS. HONCHAR: Thank you very much, sir. I
19
    will do that. And so the Court will reserve ruling on
20
    this. And that's probably --
21
              MR. WINTORY: Well, Judge...
22
              THE COURT: Well, I've already ruled.
23
                                                     Ιf
24
    they are stolen guns and they are at Mr. McMonigal's
    house, whether it's August 9, 2007 or a different date,
25
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I'm not going to rule that that is irrelevant or
1
2
    inadmissible.
              MS. HONCHAR: I agree, sir. I -- it's
3
    just -- I -- I will clarify this when -- when that time
4
5
    comes.
              Now, let us go -- then we're turning on to
6
    page 4, we've gone through, already, sir, Cara Ingram,
7
    Ralph Jessup, Sonya Beiswenger, Glorya Smith,
8
    Katie Fought, Teresa Myatt. Carla Welch is deferred.
9
10
    We have already talked about Magic, which is the
11
    first -- which is the first bullet here. And when it
    comes to -- let's go to the second bullet. It's
12
13
    Jose --
              MS. THORPE: It should be "Josh."
14
15
              MS. HONCHAR: Josh?
              MS. THORPE: Should be "Josh."
16
              MS. HONCHAR: Okay. I'm sorry.
17
18
              THE COURT: Second bullet?
              MS. HONCHAR: Second bullet.
19
              Any mention of Josh -- and for the court
20
    reporter, it's P-a-c-h-e-c-a-n-o -- concerning he's
21
    aware of rape and torture of women at the Cottonwood
22
    trailer, that somebody wants him dead, he's in fear of
23
    his life, any incidents of -- where Mr. Rimer -- well,
24
25
    I raised this, although it comes --
```

MR. WINTORY: Judge, we're just -- I'm sorry to interrupt, but we've covered this. We're -- again, we object to the prohibition of any mention of, but we're not offering these statements. We're not -- they're hearsay.

THE COURT: All right. So Mr...

MR. WINTORY: Pachecano.

THE COURT: -- Pachecano's name might come up, but you're not offering any of these statements that are attributed to him in Bullet Point 2 --

MR. WINTORY: That's correct.

THE COURT: -- on page 4?

MR. WINTORY: He's not a witness. Those statements, as best I can tell, would be hearsay. If anything like that were to come up, of course we would approach and -- but, I mean, we're not expecting any of those.

THE COURT: All right. Ms. Honchar, does that take care of your concerns on that?

MS. HONCHAR: It -- it does, sir. And this is one of the things I'm extremely pleased for the opportunity to go through this.

Jayme -- and that is incorrectly -- she's Bullet 3. The Court has deferred ruling on that at this point, so that takes care of that.

```
We go down --
1
2
              THE COURT: What's her last name?
              MS. HONCHAR: It's "Newman." It's
3
    actually -- it should be -- for the Court, it should be
4
    J-a-y-m-e, last name N-e-w-m-a-n, as in Paul. And
5
6
    no -- the Court need take no action at this point
    because it's ruled on. We've already discussed that
7
8
    yesterday.
9
              We have Ramon -- Juan Ramon Echeverria --
              THE COURT: All right. I see that. Thank
10
11
    you.
              MS. HONCHAR: I'm not real good at Spanish.
12
              -- also known as "Turtle." Again, I think
13
    Mr. -- I think -- and also Joseph Lopez. I think --
14
15
              THE COURT: Again, Counsel, if these names
16
    come up --
17
              MS. HONCHAR: Exactly.
18
              THE COURT: -- names come up.
              MS. HONCHAR: But if -- and -- and we
19
    will --
20
              THE COURT: If statements are going to be
21
    offered, they'll need to pass muster under the hearsay
22
    rules --
23
24
              MS. HONCHAR: Right.
              THE COURT: -- and confrontation rules and
25
```

whatever else may apply here.

MS. HONCHAR: And there's a statement by Detective Musick that two girls who were seized (sic) on a video in Mr. McMonigal's trailer appear to be juvies. There is no -- that's just, you know, an observation. I don't know --

THE COURT: Is the State offering that?

MR. WINTORY: No, Judge. It's -- no. No.

THE COURT: Okay. Well, then that's -- that request is granted. There's not to be any speculation about who -- who might be a juve that appears in a video, unless it's somebody that's obviously under ten years old.

MS. HONCHAR: And that greatly refines and I think will slow -- I mean will speed up the trial of this case. The Court will know where there are some hot buttons. And I think it puts us all in a posture to prepare our openings and our examinations. And I thank you very much for your patience.

THE COURT: Thank you, Counsel.

MS. HONCHAR: And I hope I --

THE COURT: And I appreciate the heads-up on these issues that you've brought to my attention.

MS. HONCHAR: Thank you, sir.

THE COURT: Let's see. Who is next? I've

lost track. 1 2 MS. JOHNSON: I think, Judge, we do need to 3 take up -- I quess the only thing that I have that I think is important is actually a response, but it's the 4 motion to dismiss County Three that was filed by 5 Ms. Honchar. Maybe we can take that up. 6 THE COURT: All right. Let me see if I can 7 find that. 8 9 MS. JOHNSON: I have some miscellaneous --10 THE COURT: Is that the --MS. JOHNSON: -- housekeeping matters. 11 THE COURT: -- VIN-number --12 13 MS. JOHNSON: Yes. THE COURT: -- motion? 14 15 All right. I remember that motion. 16 Ms. Honchar, this is your motion; is that correct? 17 18 MS. HONCHAR: Yes. THE COURT: All right. Go ahead, ma'am. 19 MS. HONCHAR: Thank you, sir. There were a 20 variety of vehicles at Mr. McMonigal's trailer or in 21 the environs. And the indictment, the specific 22 23 indictment, is possession of a motor vehicle with an altered serial number, and it states, as I set forth 24 here, that he possessed a motor vehicle. A motor 25

vehicle. And what I'd like to clarify here is the 1 2 charge in the indictment is only as to one motor 3 vehicle. THE COURT: Any -- any --4 5 MS. HONCHAR: And --THE COURT: Let me ask the State. 6 MS. HONCHAR: Sure. 7 THE COURT: Is there any dispute that you 8 are talking about one vehicle here, Counsel? 9 10 MS. JOHNSON: I think I attached -- I don't know if the Court looked at the exhibits I attached, 11 but I think it's very specific in the indictment and in 12 Mr. McMonigal's admission as to which car we're talking 13 about. He admits taking the VIN off of that particular 14 15 vehicle. It's outlined in the report. 16 THE COURT: Can you -- can you give me a 17 description of that vehicle? 18 MS. JOHNSON: Sure. Hold on. Let me look at the exhibits attached to my motion. I think 19 probably the best description is --20 THE COURT: Like the make, model, year, or 21 something? 22 MS. JOHNSON: Yeah. He told me that he 23 24 removed a VIN plate from the dashboard of the white

truck in the back yard. And that white truck is

25

```
identified in Ellis' report.
1
2
              If you can just give me one minute, Judge.
3
    (Reviewing documentation.)
              I can't seem to find it right now, but I am
4
    looking. It's in the...
5
              THE COURT: All right. Ms. Honchar, if we
6
    can all agree that we're talking about a white truck,
7
    in Mr. McMonigal's back yard -- was there more than one
8
    white truck back there?
9
10
              MS. JOHNSON: There was a -- let's see.
    There was a gold and white truck, there was a brown
11
    truck, a primer gray, and one white Dodge pickup.
12
13
              THE COURT: So are you talking about the
    Dodge, then?
14
15
              MS. JOHNSON: I believe so. If I'm
    incorrect, I'll let Ms. Honchar know.
16
17
              MS. HONCHAR: I was just going to say that
    rather than take the Court's time, I'm certainly sure
18
    Ms. Johnson will provide me with the name of the one
19
    and only vehicle to which this indictment --
20
              THE COURT: All right. Well --
21
22
              MS. HONCHAR: -- refers.
              THE COURT: -- Ms. Honchar --
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24
              MS. JOHNSON: It's in the reports, Judge.
              THE COURT: Ms. Honchar, if you can nail
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down --

MS. HONCHAR: Sure.

THE COURT: -- the truck involved and the State agrees they're only talking about one truck, are you still going to argue that County Three should be dismissed?

MS. HONCHAR: No, sir. We have this -- we'll just move forward with this.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you.

Let me take a look here, because I just found the pleadings on this issue. Maybe we can finally resolve it.

MS. JOHNSON: Oh, here it is, Judge. It says -- in Detective Ellis' report, it says the particular -- it's on page 7 of 9 of Ellis' report attached to my motion as Exhibit -- I believe it's Exhibit 1.

THE COURT: I'm on that page, Counsel.

MS. JOHNSON: And if you count down to -one, two -- the sixth paragraph that starts with that
VIN, CCL146S, and then the paragraph continues to
explain that that VIN was on a dismantled white pickup
to the rear of the trailer. That dismantled vehicle
had front dash removed and the parts were around the
yard. The dash VIN was gone and Howard admitted to

Detective Plumb that he removed the dash VIN and placed 1 it in a desk drawer in the trailer. 2 3 THE COURT: Ms. Honchar, does that clarify that point for you? 4 MS. HONCHAR: That -- if that's the only 5 vehicle we are talking about in County Three, that 6 satisfies me. And I thank you very much and 7 Ms. Johnson. 8 THE COURT: Thank you, Counsel. So that 9 resolves the motion to dismiss County Three. 10 Ms. Honchar, if you need --11 MS. HONCHAR: Sir --12 THE COURT: -- to amend the statement of 13 charges as to County Three, I'm happy to entertain that 14 15 request as well. MS. HONCHAR: May I reflect upon that more 16 carefully? 17 THE COURT: I'm sorry? 18 MS. HONCHAR: May I reflect upon that --19 THE COURT: Sure, Sure, Sure, We'll come 20 back here. You can do that any time. 21 MS. HONCHAR: Thank you, sir. 22 THE COURT: All right. Who is next? 23 MS. THORPE: Can I take a turn? 24 THE COURT: Yes, Ms. Thorpe. We didn't mean 25

to skip you if we did skip you.

MS. THORPE: You didn't. I'm actually going to bring up something that's not in writing, and that is to sanitize the fact that my client was unavailable because he was in prison.

THE COURT: Unavailable at what point in time?

MS. THORPE: I can tell you the specific dates at another time. They are in various motions that I have provided to the Court. But, generally speaking, they are he gets released in mid-June -- I want to say it's June 15th, 2007 -- and he is in custody September of '06 through June of '07. I can't give you the exact dates because, unfortunately, there were a few weeks in there where he did get released and then he got -- taken back into custody. So there's maybe a couple of weeks in that time frame.

THE COURT: So when you say "unavailable," unavailable for what purpose?

MS. THORPE: Well, I do want to have an opportunity to ask witnesses -- for example,

Jessica Foley -- whether my client was around the McMonigal trailer during certain times.

THE COURT: All right. Then you don't -- you don't want her or anyone else to say well, no,

because he was at the joint?

MS. THORPE: That's it.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. THORPE: That's it.

THE COURT: Well, then I'm going to grant that request. There's really no reason to mention that Mr. Rimer was not present or not free of custody during those time frames, that he was in prison at the Arizona State Prison or in custody at the county jail. And that applies to Mr. McMonigal as well. There's really no reason to mention that any defendant is in custody, unless there's a very specific circumstance that would justify that.

Mr. Wintory, are you standing up because you think there is?

MR. WINTORY: Well, I just want to -- I want to highlight the problem that the Defense has on this. Their primary use of the Defendants' -- the two Defendants' periods of incarceration are as a source of impeachment of our witnesses as to when or -- when events occurred that involved their clients. So they basically want to use the jail or the penitentiary as an alibi to impeach.

The difficulty is that they are going to have. And we have no problem with the Court's ruling,

but I just want to alert you to it, is if he's away on 1 2 vacation or, you know, down in Nogales, then that's not very much of an alibi. So if they're -- so for them to 3 actually be able to say --4 THE COURT: All right. Well, actually, I 5 appreciate that you want to alert the parties about 6 this, but that's really their problem. 7 MR. WINTORY: Good enough. 8 THE COURT: So we'll just let them worry 9 10 about it. MS. THORPE: Thank you. 11 MS. HONCHAR: As the State did in the grand 12 jury transcript which the Court has read, the fact that 13 somebody is in prison is not brought to the 14 grand jury's attention. And so what we will do is we 15 will fashion something --16 THE COURT: All right. 17 MS. HONCHAR: -- very similar and meets the 18 same qoals, sir. 19 THE COURT: All right. Thank you, Counsel. 20 Ms. Thorpe, does that conclude your --21 MS. THORPE: Yes, Judge. 22 THE COURT: -- motion? All right. 23 Let's see. Ms. Honchar, are you next? 24 MS. HONCHAR: Ms. Kellie -- I'm sorry --25

Ms. Johnson -- excuse me -- I think there are some 1 2 things we agree on. There were some housekeeping 3 matters. We sort of, like, looked through those, and 4 you said that... MR. WINTORY: We've got three substantive 5 motions still on the table. 6 MS. HONCHAR: Okay. There is a Brady motion 7 that I have, and I... 8 THE COURT: All right. Is that a standard 9 Brady motion or is there something --10 MS. HONCHAR: No, it's not. 11 12 THE COURT: Okay. What is it? MS. HONCHAR: My -- my request to the Court 13 right now is that we not take up this matter at this 14 15 time. There has been a lot of technological difficulties. I will say, although the prosecutors in 16 17 this case --THE COURT: Well, I don't think anyone is 18 going to disagree if you don't want to take something 19 up right now. Because I think we're going to run out 20 of time anyway. 21 MS. HONCHAR: Okay. I'd like to --22 THE COURT: So this your turn. 23 24 MS. HONCHAR: All right.

25

THE COURT: You pick one you want to take

up.

MS. HONCHAR: So I will defer this one.

THE COURT: Which one is it?

MS. HONCHAR: I'm deferring the Brady.

THE COURT: Okay. Which one do you want to

go on?

MS. HONCHAR: Okay. Well, let's see. The jail calls. Oh. Well, let's see. Let's go to our motion -- my motion to preclude detectives from testifying as experts or offering opinion testimony.

THE COURT: All right. I'm with you, Ms. Honchar. Go ahead.

MS. HONCHAR: Thank you, Judge. Basically, Detective Musick is the case detective in this matter. He is primarily a broad investigator. That's where his expertise lies. In some cases there is a case detective — it's a Mr. Keith St. John — who is a highly experienced detective with knowledgeable of how various drug operations operate.

Detective Musick has some expertise as a drug recognition expert for the purposes of making traffic stops and in DUI's. And the State has not disclosed any experts as to how a drug operation is run, how — the activities. This is frequently one of the things that the State elicits in a drug RICO case,

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an enterprise case. And because Detective Musick as a
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    case detective does not have that expertise, and there
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    are a lot of other officers in this case who are theft
    quys, they do a variety of different things, but
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    they've not been disclosed at any time within the
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    60 days before trial, as experts, we're asking that the
6
    State be precluded from having some kind of an overall
7
    summary as this is how drug enterprises work.
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9
              THE COURT: All right. I understand you.
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              MS. HONCHAR:
                            Thank you, sir.
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              THE COURT: Does the State wish to be heard
    on that?
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13
              MR. WINTORY: Well, I --
              THE COURT: Well, Ms. Thorpe, are you
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15
    joining in?
              MS. THORPE: Yes, I have. And, actually --
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              THE COURT: All right. Ms. Thorpe has
    joined.
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              MS. THORPE: -- I did send Mr. Wintory --
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              THE COURT: Go ahead, Counsel.
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              MS. THORPE: -- an e-mail sort of related to
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    this about disclosure of experts.
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              MR. WINTORY: You did?
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              MS. THORPE: This morning.
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              MR. WINTORY: Oh, this morning?
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MS. THORPE: This morning. Just this morning.

MR. WINTORY: Okay. We have two folks who have specialized knowledge that fall under 702, Detective Coons, who bought the dope out of the McMonigal trailer on the date that we talked about yesterday, and Detective Spencer, who is identified in all the reports as the go-to guy with expertise relating to chop shops, stolen cars. He's the one that the detectives, who have participated in these warrants, called upon. He's clearly identified in the reports for his expertise in the manner in which cars are stolen, chopped, re-sold, and re-packaged. They've been clearly identified as -- as people with expertise.

We are not calling, we haven't disclosed, or intend to call -- Judge, I've tried cases against everybody in here against Ms. -- other than Ms. Thorpe. I've tried cases in front of you. So I use this only by illustration. You will know that in some cases, for example, we'll have Sergeant Morlock (phonetic) testify to overarching, here's how the world of dope works, drug trafficking out from the Republic of Mexico, the United States, those kind of overarching experts. We haven't disclosed them and intend to offer any of that kind of testimony. But the specifics of drug sales and

chopping cars that relates to the testimony of Coons and Spencer is disclosed. These fellows have been interviewed.

So I'm just -- I'm at a loss to figure out what this motion addresses. We're not planning on offering expert testimony related to sex offenses, as I've indicated in my motion. And so that which we intend to offer is clearly indicated in our disclosure of witnesses who have been interviewed.

MS. THORPE: And so that would also include, for example, Detective Ramirez --

MR. WINTORY: Right.

MS. THORPE: -- not giving us any, like, this is how sex victims act, this is what sex victims do.

MR. WINTORY: Right. I mean, obviously, we can all imagine lines of cross-examination that may open doors for that sort of thing, but as I have indicated in my motion, we do not plan, in our case in chief, to offer Detective Ramirez as a witness on -- on this sort of thing, or in our direct.

MS. THORPE: And what about Detective Ramirez as a medical doctor on what a --

THE COURT: Wait a minute. Wait a minute. He's not a doctor, right?

MS. THORPE: No. 1 2 MR. WINTORY: She's not. 3 MS. THORPE: Detective Ramirez is not a 4 doctor. 5 THE COURT: She is not a doctor. MS. THORPE: She is not a doctor. 6 THE COURT: Well --7 MS. THORPE: And so is she going to offer 8 any kind of medical testimony about what a taser wound 9 10 looks like? MR. WINTORY: Well, Judge... 11 THE COURT: Well, Ms. Thorpe, I don't know 12 13 what a taser wound looks like, but some people that aren't doctors might know what they look like because 14 15 they might have inflicted them or suffered from them or seen other people that --16 17 MS. THORPE: And we --18 THE COURT: -- that have. MS. THORPE: We asked her about whether she 19 20 had seen --THE COURT: I don't know that this takes an 21 22 expertise as opposed to just knowledge about tasers that might exceed what a normal person might have. 23 I'm not going to rule restricting police officers from 24 25 talking about what they might know about a taser or a

taser wound. 1 MS. THORPE: If I can submit to you the 2 3 excerpt of our interview with Detective Ramirez about the taser wound, because I think once you see it, you 4 5 will conclude that she does not have the foundational knowledge. She's not seen a taser wound and there --6 THE COURT: Well, those are all things that 7 can be ruled upon at trial. 8 MS. THORPE: Okay. 9 THE COURT: They are foundational issues. 10 Is there any issue with respect to Mr. Wintory's 11 comments about his drug expert and Detective Coons and 12 13 his car expert --MS. THORPE: No. 14 THE COURT: -- Officer Spencer? 15 16 Ms. Honchar? 17 MS. HONCHAR: As long as we have these limits, sir, I am -- I am content. 18 THE COURT: All right. Thank you. We'll 19 move on, then. 20 Thank you, sir. 21 MS. HONCHAR: THE COURT: Who is next? The State have 22 another matter? 23 24 MS. JOHNSON: Judge, I think just -- I'm going through my remaining motions. I did file a 25

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motion to limit the evidence of impeachment. I don't
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    think -- I quess all I'm asking is for the Court to be
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    mindful of my concerns and that, obviously, I've asked
    that impeachment be limited to appropriate evidence
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    under 608 --
              THE COURT: Oh.
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              MS. JOHNSON: -- and 609.
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              THE COURT: I remember that motion.
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              MS. JOHNSON: So you'll probably have to
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    rule on that as questions come up.
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              THE COURT: All right. Well -- yeah. I
11
    don't know. Does the Defense need to be heard on this?
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              MS. HONCHAR: Your Honor, I -- I -- I
    suggest that -- well, here -- here are the facts --
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              THE COURT: Ms. Honchar, let me just tell
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    you.
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              MS. HONCHAR: Sure.
              THE COURT: I'm going to require that the
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    parties follow the law, the rules of evidence, and I'm
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    going to make rulings as needed.
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              Do you need to add anything?
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22
              MS. HONCHAR: She is charged in two --
    Ms. Kopp is charged in two other indictments as being a
23
24
    car thief.
              THE COURT: All right. If somebody is
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charged with an offense --1 2 MS. HONCHAR: Yes. 3 THE COURT: -- you are going to need to have a specific ruling from the Court before you can ask 4 questions about it, because a lot of people get charged 5 and don't get convicted. 6 MS. HONCHAR: Well, in one she is convicted. 7 THE COURT: I'm sorry? 8 9 MS. HONCHAR: In one she is convicted. 10 THE COURT: All right. Well, let's talk about the convictions, then. 11 MS. HONCHAR: Yes. And it's car theft. 12 And, of course, Ms. Kopp is the one who says that she 13 14 is the principal. 15 THE COURT: Well, you know what the rules of evidence say about impeachment. Am I correct? 16 17 MS. THORPE: Right. THE COURT: All right. 18 MS. THORPE: The other is --19 THE COURT: We'll follow those rules. 20 MS. HONCHAR: Thank you so very much, sir. 21 22 But let me bring another matter to your attention if I may. She is named in an indictment, a 23 24 subsequent indictment, that arises from facts occurring in April of 2008. And in this case --25

THE COURT: That's Ms. Kopp? 1 2 MS. HONCHAR: Yes, this is Ms. Kopp. 3 And Ms. Kopp is -- this is another RICO enterprise, stolen cars. Ms. Kopp's name appears in 4 the indictment; however, she is not --5 THE COURT: In which indictment? 6 7 MS. HONCHAR: In this second indictment to which I am --8 9 THE COURT: The other one? 10 MS. HONCHAR: -- referring. 11 MS. THORPE: The April --MS. HONCHAR: Yeah, the April. 12 THE COURT: She's also in this one, right? 13 MS. THORPE: Right, exactly. 14 15 THE COURT: All right. MS. THORPE: All right? So, similarly, as 16 17 she is named in Count One but not named in the caption of the indictment and, therefore, not indicted, she is, 18 in this second matter, which is presently pending and 19 to which -- and in which she has given a free talk, she 20 is named but, again, not indicted. And I think that 21 22 that goes to her reason to provide -- it goes to her credibility. It's an offer of --23 24 THE COURT: Has there been a -- has there been a deal made with her or some consideration 25

offered?

MS. HONCHAR: My understanding, sir, is, because I have another client in that case, that she has given -- that she -- she's not named as a defendant. I mean, it's the same thing here. She's not named a defendant.

MS. JOHNSON: Judge, I can clarify it.

THE COURT: Go ahead, Ms. Johnson.

MS. JOHNSON: The case that she has been convicted of that occurred after our indictment, in that case she pled quilty and --

THE COURT: I think that might have been in this courtroom.

MS. JOHNSON: It was.

And she pled guilty and agreed to testify as to the events in the enterprise that she's named in, having been involved in certain acts that the Defendants engaged in, but not as a defendant.

So the case that Ms. Honchar is talking about is still pending before —— I'm not sure if it's before you or another division, but her agreement in the other case was contingent upon her cooperation in the case that she's not a named defendant in. So that's how the two interact with one another.

THE COURT: All right. Well...

MS. JOHNSON: And I'm not --1 2 THE COURT: Somebody who is a convicted 3 felon can be impeached, and somebody who has received consideration in return for some cooperation, that's 4 potential impeachment material as well. 5 Is that clear enough for the parties? 6 MS. HONCHAR: Thank you, sir. 7 MS. JOHNSON: Well, she didn't get any 8 benefit in this case. She got a benefit in her 9 10 other --THE COURT: From the State of Arizona, 11 12 right? 13 MS. JOHNSON: From the State of Arizona in another case, yes. 14 15 THE COURT: All right. Well, I think that that's, arguably, a basis for a bias on her part. 16 17 MS. JOHNSON: Okay. I mean, we'll have to see what kinds of questions they ask, because --18 THE COURT: Sure. 19 MS. JOHNSON: -- the statement she gives in 20 that case is very incriminating to these defendants. 21 So we'll just see where it goes and make objections as 22 the --23 24 THE COURT: All right. Just be careful what 25 doors you open, Counsel.

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MS. HONCHAR: I certainly will. Thank you,
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2
    sir.
3
              THE COURT: Anything else on the impeachment
4
    motion?
              MS. THORPE: No, Judge.
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              THE COURT: Thank you.
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              MS. HONCHAR: Now, there's -- Ms. Johnson,
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    we had, I think, discussed this --
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              Ms. Thorpe, are you done?
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              MS. THORPE: I'm done.
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              MS. HONCHAR: Okay.
              There's a motion to conclude (sic) evidence
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    of good character. I agree.
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              MS. JOHNSON: We did it yesterday.
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              MS. HONCHAR: Oh, I'm sorry. I -- then it's
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16
    my fault.
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              MS. THORPE: 609?
              MS. HONCHAR: I don't have my 609. Do you
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    have my 609?
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              Oh, this is -- oh, we have a 609 motion,
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    your Honor, a motion in limine to preclude
21
    Mr. McMonigal's prior convictions. This is a standard
22
    609 motion.
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24
              THE COURT: Let me find that, Counsel.
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              MS. HONCHAR: Sure.
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THE COURT: All right. I'm with you now. 1 2 Go ahead. 3 MS. HONCHAR: Sure. I mean, it's --Mr. McMonigal has priors. And so --4 5 THE COURT: And you are arguing that none of them should come in for impeachment purposes? 6 7 MS. HONCHAR: Well, I'm arguing that -- that you know, it -- yes. 8 9 THE COURT: Okay. I understand. 10 MS. HONCHAR: And -- and, basically, the old chief ruling here as to what -- you know, what is 11 12 appropriate. Certainly not the nature of the prior allegations, you can say. There are ways in which to 13 limit, and I know the Court is --14 THE COURT: I understand that. So you are 15 16 arguing that the priors should not come in, and if they 17 do come in, that they should be sanitized. MS. HONCHAR: Exactly. 18 THE COURT: Am I correct? All right. 19 20 What's the State's position? MR. WINTORY: Well, of course, the 21 underlying conduct doesn't, so -- but if sanitizing 22 doesn't make sense here, in light of the fact that 23 24 we're not talking about minor offenses, but the 25 probative nature of this is set out in the language I

quoted from the Arizona cases, Williams and Malloy (phonetic), is that they — the probative value and credibility is on the theory that major crime entails such an integral disregard for the right of other persons, it can reasonably be expected the witnesses will be untruthful — to his advantage.

So these are -- the defense convictions are for very serious crimes that show the sort of disregard for people, that it would reflect on his credibility and his motive and capacity to lie to his advantage. In this case, the seriousness of the crimes which he's done do exactly that.

The Defendant isn't entitled -- he's entitled to avoid unfair prejudice but he's not entitled to avoid those inferences reasonably that directly result from his criminal -- his past criminal activity.

THE COURT: All right. So there's -- we're talking about six prior felonies. Am I correct? Or is it five?

MR. WINTORY: I think it's --

THE COURT: Or five cases? Is that what it is? All right. So, Mr. Wintory, are you contending that all five of those felonies should be mentioned by specific name, or is there something that you think is

particularly probative here? 1 2 MR. WINTORY: Judge, the ones I worry -- I 3 mean, I -- are the less serious. I think there's like a theft, Judge. Let me go through, where I've got my 4 list in front of me. We have a count of illegally --5 that he's previously been convicted of. He's got a 6 possession of a dangerous drug, aggravated assault with 7 a deadly weapon, attempted theft by control, and 8 controlling stolen property, priors that I believe you 9 10 have. THE COURT: Counsel, the -- I can tell by 11 the CR number that the "possession of a dangerous drug" 12 13 was from 2004. What about the earlier priors? What's the next newest one? The CR-55347? Do any of you 14 15 know? MS. HONCHAR: It was December 17th, I think. 16 For some reason I remember that date. 17 THE COURT: Do you know the year? Because 18 that's what I'm concerned about. 19 MS. HONCHAR: Well, your Honor -- if the 20 Court does not wish to hear from me, I will be quiet. 21 THE COURT: Well, I asked the question, so 22 if you know the answer --23 MS. HONCHAR: I don't --24 25 THE COURT: -- I'd appreciate it.

MS. HONCHAR: I don't have the -- there are other things I wish to say, but I'll -- I'll wait until the Court instructs me.

THE COURT: All right.

MS. THORPE: It might be in the allegation of prior conviction --

MR. WINTORY: This is what we're looking at.
THE COURT: I'm sorry. Ms. Thorpe, were you

going to say something?

MS. THORPE: I thought it might be in the allegation of prior convictions attached to the indictment.

THE COURT: Thank you.

MS. JOHNSON: No, we generally don't put the date --

THE COURT: All right. So I'm notified by the clerk of the Court, who was kind enough to look this up, that the next newest one before 2004 was from 1996. So I'm going to rule at this time that, at a minimum, the priors that are now more than ten years old will be sanitized if the Defendant is to be asked about them during the trial, should he testify. So that would be all of the priors except for the possession-of-a-dangerous-drug prior, which is CR-20043678.

As to the possession-of-a-dangerous-drug prior, I'm going to hold that matter in abeyance pending the development of the case so that I can weigh the probative value versus the prejudicial effect of it. Anything further on the 609 motion by Mr. McMonigal? MR. WINTORY: No, your Honor. MS. HONCHAR: No. THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. MS. HONCHAR: I think Ms. Johnson and I -and I think this was actually in the context of the --13 THE COURT: Ms. Honchar, is it your turn? MS. HONCHAR: Oh, I'm sorry. 14 THE COURT: I don't think it is. Ms. Johnson, is it your turn? 16 MR. WINTORY: No, we just took ours. THE COURT: Okay. I thought that was Ms. Honchar's 609 motion that we talked about. MS. HONCHAR: I think they took up the 609. 20 THE COURT: All right. Well, somebody go 22 ahead. MS. JOHNSON: Judge, I only have one more. 23 24 And I think, preliminarily, it's my motion to amend the indictment based on the information Jessica Foley

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provided in her deposition. And what I'd like to do is
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    to just alert the Court. I've gone through your
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    proposed charges, and based on the testimony at her
    deposition, the State needs to dismiss Counts -- these
4
    are the renumbered counts as the Court put them for
5
    trial -- 22 and 23, which are allegations of sexual
6
    assault occurring in September of 2007. Ms. Foley
7
    testified under oath at the deposition that she was
8
    confused and that nothing happened in September.
9
10
              THE COURT: So you're moving to dismiss 22
11
    and 23?
              MS. JOHNSON: Yes.
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              MS. HONCHAR: And, your Honor, I object.
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              THE COURT: You object?
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              MS. HONCHAR: Very.
              THE COURT: All right. Well, I want to know
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17
    why.
18
              MS. HONCHAR:
                            0h.
              THE COURT: Before -- before we go on, tell
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    me why you object.
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              MS. HONCHAR: Okay. Well, because she
21
    has -- I mean, she has given all of these statements
22
    that --
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              THE COURT: Well, Ms. Honchar, you can
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    always impeach a witness with her statements. And you
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can even ask her, well, isn't it true that there was an
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    indictment and that now these Counts 22 and 23 have
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3
    been dismissed. But why do you really want to have 22
    and 23 go forward when the State is saying they don't
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5
    have the evidence for it?
              MS. HONCHAR: Because I need to show that
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    this man was indicted based on --
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              THE COURT: You can -- you can --
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9
              MS. HONCHAR: -- statement --
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              THE COURT: -- show that.
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              MS. HONCHAR: Can I say that he was
    indicted?
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              THE COURT: Well, he was indicted. They're
13
    stating a factual --
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              MS. HONCHAR: All right. That he was
16
    indicted and the State dismissed?
              THE COURT: Of course you can.
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              MS. HONCHAR: Okay. If I can say that the
    State indicted him -- well, wait a minute. Just -- may
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    I consult with Ms. Thorpe just for one moment? This is
20
    a very serious issue.
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             (Brief discussion held off the record.)
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              MS. HONCHAR: Thank you very much.
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                                                  I needed
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    to consult with a vastly experienced lawyer. And I
25
    just want to ask Mr. McMonigal.
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THE COURT: If it's important, go ahead.
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              MS. HONCHAR: It is important.
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             (Brief discussion held off the record.)
              THE COURT: And Ms. Johnson, we'll get back
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             I don't think you were done.
5
    to you.
              MS. JOHNSON: That's fine.
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              MS. HONCHAR: I've consulted with
7
    Mr. McMonigal, sir. As long as I can say that
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    Mr. McMonigal was indicted on the charges that relate
9
    to March 2007 --
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11
              THE COURT: Wait a minute.
12
              MS. THORPE: September.
              MS. HONCHAR: I'm -- no.
13
              THE COURT: We're talking about a different
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15
    date.
              MS. HONCHAR: It's March. It's actually
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17
    March 2007.
              MS. JOHNSON: It's September. I'm moving to
18
    dismiss --
19
              THE COURT: September 2007.
20
              MS. JOHNSON: -- September.
21
              MS. HONCHAR: All right. So you're leaving
22
    in March.
23
24
              MS. JOHNSON: Well, that's -- when I get to
    finish my motion, that's another --
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THE COURT: We're not done. We're talking about Counts 22 and 23. There's been a motion to dismiss.

Are you objecting or not?

MS. HONCHAR: I am not.

THE COURT: Thank you.

MS. THORPE: With the caveat that I am able to --

THE COURT: All right. It's ordered, then, granting the State's motion to dismiss Counts 22 and 23 as renumbered and, pertaining to Howard McMonigal and Jessica Foley, events of September 2007.

Go ahead, Ms. Johnson.

MS. JOHNSON: Judge, the second part of the motion was Ms. Foley -- and this part I don't mind holding in abeyance until Tuesday. I know I just got the transcript of Ms. Foley's deposition. It was approximately three hours in length. But my memory is that she did make some date corrections as to the counts. And we will be moving to amend -- basically, what she said, Judge, is, on the July counts, been broken up in July if you start with counts -- if you start with -- the Court has renumbered the Counts 17 through 21. We had it broken up into two different incidents in July. She indicated, at her deposition

under oath, that there was only one time in July and couldn't pin it down anymore. So what I'd like to do, with the Court's permission, is to review her transcripts carefully, since it's been a couple weeks now, and propose specific amendments to the Court either on Monday afternoon or Tuesday morning before we get started.

There will also be an issue. I am moving to amend Counts 15 and 16 to May of 2007 instead of March. And I'd like to explain to the Court how that happened. In Ms. Foley's interview with Detective Ramirez, she is making the statement in October. And what Jessica Foley says is that the first time she had — you know, that she was assaulted or forced to engage in sexual intercourse with Howard McMonigal, was about five months ago.

It is then Olga Ramirez who continually refers to that incident as occurring in March. And Jessica Foley had actually always said five months ago, which would put it in May. That is what she testified to under oath at the deposition as well.

So the error in March was the detective making the error in the math, subtracting five months from October. I think it's clear, based on the deposition, what incident she's talking about. So I

would ask to amend Counts 15 and 16 to May as opposed 1 to March and then come back to the Court with some 2 3 clarification on the July counts based on the sworn testimony subject to cross-examination she provided at 4 5 the deposition. THE COURT: All right. Thank you. 6 MS. HONCHAR: I would like -- if I may 7 8 respond, sir. THE COURT: Yes, ma'am. 9 MS. HONCHAR: When the State attempted to do 10 this the last time, the Court said that it was not 11 going to entertain any of these motions and that the 12 State was untimely. That's one. 13 THE COURT: I don't recall that. 14 15 MS. HONCHAR: Well, I --16 THE COURT: Was there a motion to amend? 17 MS. HONCHAR: Yes, there was. Yes. And the Court -- and there was that, along with a motion to --18 THE COURT: Well, that was an entirely 19 different kind of a motion, Ms. Honchar. Wasn't that 20 21 the motion to consolidate an --22 MS. HONCHAR: There were two motions. THE COURT: -- an old case -- a new case 23 24 with this old case? 25 MS. HONCHAR: There were two motions, sir.

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THE COURT: What was the other one?
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2
              MS. HONCHAR:
                            It was this motion to amend.
3
              MR. WINTORY: No.
              MS. JOHNSON: No.
4
              MS. THORPE: As to Ms. Foley.
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              THE COURT: I don't recall --
6
              MS. THORPE: That's --
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              THE COURT: I don't recall ever hearing this
8
    request before.
9
              MS. HONCHAR: Perhaps -- well, then I -- my
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    recollection is erroneous and I withdraw my objection.
11
              Olga Ramirez was very, very clear and -- in
12
    her examination of Ms. Foley as to when these events
13
    occurred. She asked Ms. Foley specifically did
14
15
    anything happen after March; that is, in April, May,
    and June. Very clearly, Detective Ramirez was never
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    confused. She was never confused. And it is Ms. Foley
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    who is giving, in her recanted -- substantially
18
    recanted testimony under oath, that oh, well, the
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    detective was confused. And I think it is
20
    inappropriate.
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              This substantially changes the nature of the
22
    allegation -- those allegations in the complaint
23
    concerning the March incident. Ms. Foley was never --
24
25
    Detective Ramirez was not confused. And he had
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Detective Ramirez's transcript. I have it. I would 1 2 ask the Court that --3 THE COURT: I don't think anyone is 4 disputing what Ramirez said. MS. HONCHAR: And Ramirez said it happened 5 in March. 6 THE COURT: Right. 7 MS. HONCHAR: But she's also saying --8 9 THE COURT: But she wasn't there. So tell me how it prejudices your client. Was there an alibi 10 defense or something? 11 MS. HONCHAR: It is part of the whole 12 13 impeachment that --THE COURT: All right. Well, you'll have 14 more impeachment now. You have more impeachment 15 16 because you have Detective Ramirez saying that she 17 heard or understood that these events took place in 18 March, and now you have a change in that. I'm going to allow you to talk about the 19 fact that this -- these two counts were originally 20 charged as March of '07. 21 MS. HONCHAR: Thank you very much, sir. 22 As long as I have --23 24 THE COURT: I'm going to grant the State's

request to amend Counts 15 and 16 so that the alleged

25

offense date is May of '07 instead of March of '07 as to both counts.

Ms. Johnson, anything else at this time?

Ms. JOHNSON: No. All done. May I come
back to the Court on -- and I don't know if we're
getting back --

THE COURT: And you said you were going to come back as to Counts 17 through 21.

MS. JOHNSON: Well, what will most likely happen is that some of them will be dismissed and merged together based on the deposition. I just wanted to do it prior to telling the Court exactly what she said.

THE COURT: I'm going to urge the parties to discuss what the State's intent is, to see if anything can be agreed to with respect to Count 17 through 21.

Anything else, Ms. Johnson?

MS. JOHNSON: No, Judge. I believe that completes all of our motions. We did have a motion that we filed for disclosure. Ms. Thorpe complied with our request. Ms. Honchar did not but also indicates she is not calling anybody. That would be the subject of our motion.

THE COURT: All right. So you're

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withdrawing your motion for disclosure at this time?
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              MS. JOHNSON: For now, unless Ms. Honchar
    brings something up that we've asked for and didn't
3
4
    get.
              THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
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              MS. HONCHAR: There are a couple of
6
    housekeeping things that we --
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              MR. WINTORY: Well, you've still got the
8
    substantive motion in limine to preclude referring to
9
10
    our victims as victims.
11
              MS. HONCHAR: Right.
              THE COURT: All right. Let's take that up.
12
    It makes sense to resolve that issue now. Let me find
13
    it here.
14
15
              MS. THORPE: It's my motion, sir.
              THE COURT: All right. I read the motion.
16
17
    I read the opposition.
              Ms. Honchar, anything you need to add?
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              MS. HONCHAR: Is there anything the Court
19
    wishes to know of me?
20
21
              THE COURT: Go ahead.
              MS. HONCHAR: I -- I -- no.
22
              THE COURT: You said "no"?
23
24
              MS. HONCHAR: I mean, if you have any
25
    additional --
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THE COURT: Oh.

MS. HONCHAR: -- questions of -- I would -- I think if the matter's been briefed --

THE COURT: Well, I'm going to -- does the State want to be heard?

MR. WINTORY: Judge, I'll respond to any question the Court has, but I think we did it on the brief.

THE COURT: All right. Ms. Thorpe, is this one you had joined in?

MS. THORPE: Yes, I did. I have nothing to add.

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. Let's see.

And I guess the motion says you don't want these folks referred to as victims. Is there any problem with them being referred to as alleged victims?

MR. WINTORY: You bet. You bet.

THE COURT: All right. Well, whatever that problem is, I'm going to order that the motion is granted to the extent that there are only alleged victims. Until it's proven, until the jury decides that they are actual victims, then they are alleged victims and they can be referred to as alleged victims, not as victims.

MR. WINTORY: Well, Judge, I appreciate the

Court going to -- and the Court, I know, is mindful of the -- of the case law that we cited, as well as the statutory constitution definition of "victims."

THE COURT: Do you have some case in here,
Mr. Wintory, that says that the State is entitled to
call someone a victim when the Court is proffering that
they should be called alleged victims?

MR. WINTORY: Right, Judge. We cited --

THE COURT: What case is that?

MR. WINTORY: The Ninth Circuit case that we cited makes the point that the --

THE COURT: Well, I want to know if there's a specific holding that says what I'm ordering here is wrong. Are you telling me there is?

MR. WINTORY: Well, there's never going to be a case that clear.

THE COURT: Well, there might be. There's a lot of specific holdings out there. Do you know of one on this point?

MR. WINTORY: Your Honor, that — this is the issue that the Court addressed in Gwaum (phonetic), whether or not an indictment, with all the other instructions you are going to give, that these are charges and allegations the Defendant is presumed innocent. So it would be like saying the defendant is

the alleged defendant, or the crime is the alleged crime.

THE COURT: Well, not quite. I think that the point is well taken that when you start calling someone a victim, it implants a certain seed in the hearer's mind. And what these are are allegations. Until they are proven, there are no victims.

MR. WINTORY: And Judge --

THE COURT: There are defendants because a defendant is someone who is accused, either by a preliminary hearing or an indictment. They are defendants. They are not alleged defendants.

MR. WINTORY: There -- the --

THE COURT: There's a difference there.

MR. WINTORY: Certainly is.

THE COURT: So my ruling will stand.

MS. HONCHAR: Thank you, sir.

Ms. Johnson and I have agreed on the motion in limine as to the jail calls.

And then as a final housekeeping matter, sir, in order to expedite the trial of the case, I had asked the State to give us a specific list of the witnesses that it intends to call and the order and the anticipated time. I have found in other cases before other courts that if we've got a kind of a timetable,

it really moves things along. Sometimes police officers get called in and out.

THE COURT: Ms. Honchar, I'm not going to grant that motion. What I'm going to do is ask the parties to cooperate as much as possible. And I see this a lot, without even Court intervention, that the parties cooperate extensively on who they are going to call first and what witnesses they might anticipate on a given day and whether or not witnesses can be called out of order.

I would anticipate that all of you, as professionals, can cooperate. I'm not going to say to some side or the other that you have to give us an itinerary that is specific as to what order you are calling folks in throughout the trial, how long they are going to take, and who you are going to call the next day and the next day and the next day. These are vegarities of litigation that don't allow such precision, so I'm not going to issue that order.

Mr. Wintory or Ms. Johnson, do you know who your first witness in the trial is going to be?

MR. WINTORY: We were going to get through these motions and spend our Thanksgiving cutting that up along with the turkey, but our intention is, is that we're going to provide these folks, as soon as we have

it, with a lineup as a rough measure, and we'll adjust 1 2 it as we go along. But we don't have that right now. 3 MS. HONCHAR: Sir, I'd just like to --THE COURT: All right. Have you got an idea 4 who your first group is going to be? 5 MS. JOHNSON: We've discussed that. 6 likely, depending on schedules, because we haven't 7 nailed anything down with the witnesses yet, that are 8 first group of folks would deal generally with the 9 10 various stolen vehicles that were recovered on the 11 property. So --THE COURT: So that's going to be mostly 12 police officers and/or alleged victims of stolen cars? 13 MS. JOHNSON: The owners of the stolen cars, 14 15 the responding officers to those incidents, ultimate --16 and then leading up to the warrant of August. So that 17 would be the first general group of people. But we'll 18 be much more specific by the weekend, probably. MS. HONCHAR: Great. 19 THE COURT: All right. Thank you. 20 MS. HONCHAR: I wasn't trying to manage 21 It's just that --22 the -- the courtroom. 23 THE COURT: I understand, Ms. Honchar. Ι

understand what you were trying to do. And I fully respect your efforts. You want to be helpful. You

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want to represent your client. And so I'm going to try to accommodate all the parties as much as I can here and as fairly as I can.

At this point, you have been advised that the first group of witnesses is going to involve the stolen vehicles. I'm sure that if you ask the prosecutors who they are going to call as their second group, once they figure that out, they'll tell you that.

MS. HONCHAR: And I -- and I understand that. And I avow to the Court that I will do my very best to give the State my list of witnesses and the order of witnesses.

THE COURT: Thank you, Counsel. Are there any other witness -- I'm sorry -- any other motions we need to take up at this time?

MS. HONCHAR: No.

MS. JOHNSON: I don't think so.

THE COURT: Was there a motion for

Mr. McMonigal's -- well, for both defendants for a material witness undertaking?

MS. THORPE: No. Remember, Judge, I had --

THE COURT: That's gone?

MS. THORPE: We resolved that. We did, in fact, resolve that.

So we're going to be doing Tuesday through 1 2 Friday, 10:30 to noon --3 THE COURT: Approximately. MS. THORPE: -- 1:30 to --4 THE COURT: And let me just alert you all, 5 for planning purposes, that we will not be holding 6 court between Christmas eve and New Year's day. 7 MS. THORPE: I sure hope we're done with 8 this case before then, Judge. 9 10 MS. JOHNSON: Does that include the actual -- the whole day of the -- so we won't be in 11 12 session on the 24th at all, or... THE COURT: Right. I'm not planning on 13 being here. 14 15 MS. THORPE: And then what was the other --16 what was the other --17 THE COURT: Is that okay with all of you? 18 MS. THORPE: Yes. MS. HONCHAR: Oh, no. I object your Honor. 19 MS. THORPE: I'm sorry. What were the other 20 times in case we still are here after Christmas? What 21 22 was the --THE COURT: Between Christmas eve --23 24 actually, including Christmas eve and all the way 25 through New Year's Day.

MS. THORPE: All right.

SO.

THE COURT: Which is a court holiday anyway.

Let me also alert you that I will be out for a medical issue starting at 4:30 on Tuesday the day we start this trial. So however far we get, at 4:30 I will have to stop at that point. In addition to that, another medical appointment I'll have to leave here for at 1:30 p.m. This is December 10. And if I get back, it will be late in the day. So perhaps December 10, if I get back, we can resolve some issues that don't require the jury to be present so that I -- once I let them go, they don't have to wait around and come back at 3:30 and then just work another hour and a half or

MS. THORPE: So we would do maybe the morning of December 10?

THE COURT: Correct.

MS. JOHNSON: Judge, as to the 10th, I was actually going to ask. It's by no means something that's absolutely necessary, but I'm going to Phoenix that night. My ride is --

THE COURT: That night?

MS. JOHNSON: That night. My ride is picking me up as soon as you let me out of court. Our preference is that we're able to hit the road by about

4:00 or 4:15. So it might work out well. 1 2 THE COURT: Well, that means, then, that we 3 could just take that afternoon off, if there's no 4 objection. Is there any objection to that? 5 MS. THORPE: 6 No. THE COURT: Actually, Ms. Johnson, is it 7 something that if we needed to do something that we 8 wouldn't have the jury around for, that Mr. Wintory 9 10 could take care of it? 11 MR. WINTORY: Sure. 12 MS. JOHNSON: Absolutely. THE COURT: Okay. So, Ms. Johnson, you are 13 free to leave. 14 15 Is one of you head counsel and one of you 16 second chair? 17 MS. JOHNSON: We're partners. THE COURT: Okay. You're 50/50, then. 18 MS. JOHNSON: It is both of our faults. 19 THE COURT: Ms. Johnson, just be careful 20 that if you are not present -- well, both of you, if 21 you are not present for any of the jury proceedings, 22 you may run into difficulty providing closing 23 24 statements. Okay? And we can all agree that we won't have jury 25

proceedings on the afternoon of December 10. 1 2 MS. THORPE: How far are we telling the jury 3 that they need to be available --4 THE COURT: That's a good question, and I was going to ask you all that today as well. Do they 5 need to plan on coming back for 2009? 6 MS. HONCHAR: Your Honor, could I suggest 7 something along these lines? If the Court is going to 8 give New Year's -- Christmas eve off --9 10 THE COURT: I am. MS. HONCHAR: Okay. That -- that's asking 11 them to come back just on the 23rd. You know, that's 12 13 that one Tuesday. THE COURT: Well, unless you all wanted to 14 hold trial court on Monday the 22nd. But oftentimes 15 juries come back for a day at a time. I mean --16 17 MS. HONCHAR: Okay. That's fine. THE COURT: It's not like they're flying in 18 from New York for a day trip. 19 20 MS. HONCHAR: Whatever. It's just Christmas, and folks like to, you know, enjoy 21 22 Christmas. THE COURT: Do you -- I don't have anything 23 24 set for December 22. Do any of you want to hold court

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that day?

MS. THORPE: Can we wait and see how we're 1 2 moving along? I mean, if it starts --3 THE COURT: Sure. MS. THORPE: -- to look like we could finish 4 up before Christmas, then we may want to press forward. 5 Whereas -- or we may want to set -- that might be a 6 7 deliberation day for them. THE COURT: Well, then I would suggest that 8 all of you keep that December 22 date open just in case 9 10 we need it. MS. THORPE: So are we going to tell them, 11 12 though, that they need to be available to us through 13 mid-January? I mean, is that --THE COURT: Well, you all tell me. What do 14 you all think about that? 15 MS. JOHNSON: Judge, did you intend -- and 16 17 I'm sorry if I -- if you said this and I misunderstood. Would we be coming back on Friday the 2nd if --18 THE COURT: That would be my plan. I mean, 19 it's another day that we have. There's really no good 20 21 reason not to use it. MS. JOHNSON: Sure. I think to be safe we 22 could qualify them through that, what is it, the week 23 24 of the 4th or 5th, that first full week in January.

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THE COURT: First full week of January?

MS. JOHNSON: To be absolutely safe. 1 2 THE COURT: Which would be January 5 through 3 January 9. So are you suggesting they be qualified through January 9, Counsel? 4 5 MS. THORPE: That makes sense. MS. JOHNSON: That's my suggestion. 6 MS. THORPE: I hope we're not here that 7 long. 8 THE COURT: Anyone disagree with that? 9 10 MS. THORPE: No. MS. JOHNSON: And hopefully they'll all 11 think we're heroes when we end early. 12 13 THE COURT: Right. That's erring on the side of caution, I hope, so that if we get done 14 15 quickly, or more quickly, that they, as you say, are 16 happy, as opposed to qualifying them only perhaps 17 through December and then them being upset because they 18 made plans based on that. MS. JOHNSON: All right. So you'll just 19 tell them we've agreed the 24th through the 2nd, is 20 all, or through the 1st. 21 THE COURT: Through the 1st. And then we'll 22 come back on January 2nd. 23 24 MR. WINTORY: Okay. Judge, do you think 25 we'll be working on the Mondays, like Monday,

December 8; Monday, December 15th? 1 2 THE COURT: I generally don't. And right 3 now I'm booked on those afternoons for law-and-motion 4 hearings. But I am open on December 22. 5 MR. WINTORY: Okay. 6 THE COURT: And I will keep that open. if you all can keep that open, we'll have a little bit 7 of extra time there in case we need it. 8 9 MR. WINTORY: Okay. 10 MS. JOHNSON: Great. THE COURT: So I'll qualify the jury through 11 January 9, 2009. 12 13 Ms. Honchar, you wanted to keep your Brady motion in abeyance, and I'm happy to do that. 14 MS. HONCHAR: Thank you, sir. 15 16 THE COURT: Let me make sure that there 17 isn't anything else that is left unfinished, Counsel. 18 MS. HONCHAR: I think we're done. THE COURT: Let me take a look here, please. 19 MS. JOHNSON: Judge, while you're checking, 20 can I have a word with the clerk about something? 21 22 THE COURT: Sure. (Brief discussion held off the record.) 23 24 THE COURT: Counsel, back on the record There was a motion by Ms. Honchar requesting 25 here.

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that the Court call certain witnesses, specifically
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    Detective Musick, Detective Ramirez, and
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3
    Leticia Knudsen.
              MS. HONCHAR: And --
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              THE COURT: Ms. Honchar, are you still
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    proffering that motion?
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              MS. HONCHAR: No, I'm not. Ms. --
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              THE COURT: All right. That motion is
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9
    withdrawn.
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              MS. HONCHAR: -- Johnson --
              THE COURT: Thank you.
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              MS. HONCHAR: -- wanted me to --
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              THE COURT: I don't need any further
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    explanation. You have withdrawn it.
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              Anything further, Counsel?
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              MS. HONCHAR: No.
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              THE COURT: So Ms. Honchar, we still have
    your Brady motion, and you will need to remind us if we
18
    need to address it. Otherwise --
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              MS. HONCHAR: Certainly.
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              THE COURT: -- it will be considered
21
22
    withdrawn.
              Anything further before we recess for the
23
    evening?
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              MR. WINTORY: No, your Honor.
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MS. JOHNSON: Oh, I'm sorry. One quick
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2
    question. Donna had left me a message that she was
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    working on preliminary jury instructions.
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              THE COURT: She is.
              MS. JOHNSON: Do you provide definitions of
5
    the crimes in the opening, in the preliminary
6
    instruction?
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              THE COURT: I don't.
8
              MS. JOHNSON: Okay. Because she had asked
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    for me to provide her with a couple of ones that she
10
11
    didn't have --
              THE COURT: For preliminaries?
12
13
              MS. JOHNSON:
                            No.
              THE COURT: That would be for finals.
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15
              MS. JOHNSON: Because I didn't know if she
    needed it for Tuesday morning.
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              THE COURT: No, she doesn't.
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              MS. JOHNSON: Okay.
              MS. THORPE: Do we know, is there a RAJI on
19
    "enterprise"?
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              THE COURT: I don't know, Counsel. But I'm
21
    happy to entertain your request for jury instructions
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    as well.
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24
              All of you have a nice holiday.
              MS. THORPE: So if we have a preliminary
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instruction for you, we can get it to you like Monday?
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               THE COURT: Sure.
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               MS. THORPE: Okay. Great.
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             (Whereupon, the proceedings concluded.)
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CERTIFICATE STATE OF ARIZONA SS. COUNTY OF PIMA I, KATHRYN A. LORENZ, Certified Reporter No. 50738, do hereby certify that I reported the foregoing proceedings to the best of my skill and ability; that the same was transcribed by me via computer-aided transcription; and that the foregoing pages of typewritten matter are a true, correct, and complete transcript of the proceedings had as set forth in the title page hereto. DATED this 19th day of October, 2009. KATHRYN A. LORENZ, RPR Certified Reporter No. 50738 Pima County Superior Court